AFB Clinical Specimen (Mycobacteria Smear & Culture)	
Test description	Acid fast microscopy and culture of pulmonary and non-pulmonary clinical specimens.
Test use	To determine the presence or absence of mycobacteria in clinical specimens and, if isolated, to identify to the species or complex.
Test	Mycobacteriology Laboratory
department	Phone: (860) 920-6649, FAX: (860) 920-6721
Methodology	Smear by Auramine-rhodamine fluorescent stain. Culture using agar (Lowenstein- Jensen) and broth (BACTEC™ MGIT™) media. Identification methods: DNA probe, High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), biochemical testing and growth characteristics.
Availability	Daily, Monday-Friday. Negative cultures are reported after 6 weeks incubation.
Specimen	Clinical specimens from pulmonary and extra pulmonary sites. Sputum: minimum
Requirements	volume 3 mL (5-10 mL preferred) collected in a sterile 50 mL conical tube.
	Swab specimens are strongly discouraged.
Collection	To obtain collection kit, refer to Collection Kit Ordering Information.
Kit/Container	
Collection	Varies according to anatomic site. If needed, site specific collection instructions may
Instructions	be obtained by calling the Mycobacteriology Laboratory.
Specimen	Store at 2-8° C. Transport as soon as possible to laboratory. Transport with an ice pack
Handling &	coolant (preferred) or at ambient temperature. Avoid temperature extremes.
Transport	Exceptions: Room temperature storage and transport is required for blood, bone
	marrow, CSF, tissue, and gastric wash/lavage samples. Unlabeled specimens
Unacceptable	Specimens that have leaked or containers that have broken in transit
Conditions	Blood collected into EDTA (purple top) or ACD (yellow top tubes)
20	Coagulated blood
Requisition	Clinical Test Requisition (select AFB Clinical Specimen)
Form	/
	Name and address of submitter (and/or Horizon profile #)
Required	Patient name or identifier, town of residence (city, state, zip), date of birth. Specimen
Information	source/type, date collected, test(s) requested
	Please ensure patient name on the requisition matches that on the specimen.
	 A negative result does not rule out infection with mycobacteria.
Limitations	 Non-acid fast organisms present in culture may interfere with isolation and
	identification of mycobacteria.
	A nucleic acid amplification test for the presence of <i>Mycobacterium</i>
	tuberculosis complex DNA is automatically done on the first patient specimen
	submitted for AFB smear and culture that is found to be acid fast smear
Additional	positive (see MTBC NAAT).
information	Anti-tuberculosis drug susceptibility testing is performed on the initial M.
	tuberculosis complex isolate from each patient.
	 Cultures are incubated for 6 weeks before being reported as negative.

Revision: 8/25/15